

IRIS: A stratospheric water isotope ratio spectrometer based on optical-feedback cavity enhanced absorption

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Brief project history:

1999: Dutch NSF grant for whole air, cryogenic sampling project

2001: Proposal redefined: *in-situ*, spectroscopic detection

- Increased temporal and thus spatial coverage

- No need for cryogenics

- Reduce chance of sampling related (systematic) errors

2003/1: PhD (RI) started, collaboration with Grenoble initiated

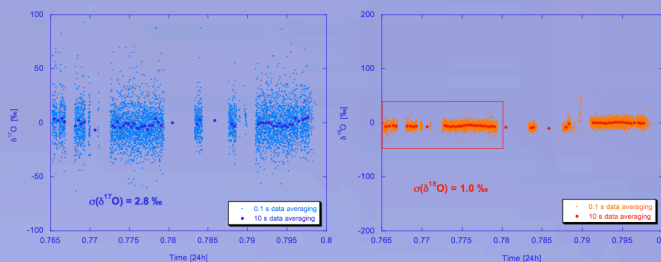
2003/7: Assured access to NASA DC-8 (HJJ)

2004/6: First successful DC-8 test flights at Dryden

2005/6: Second generation device for stratospheric flights

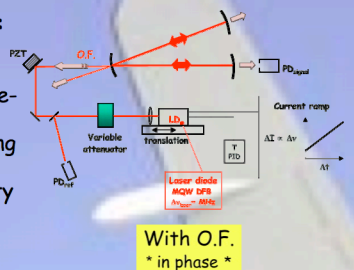
DC-8 device performance:

Assuming constant water vapor conditions during level flight, precisions are 9‰ for $\delta^2\text{H}$, 3‰ for $\delta^{17}\text{O}$, and 1‰ for $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ (10 s averaged data, ~200 ppm).



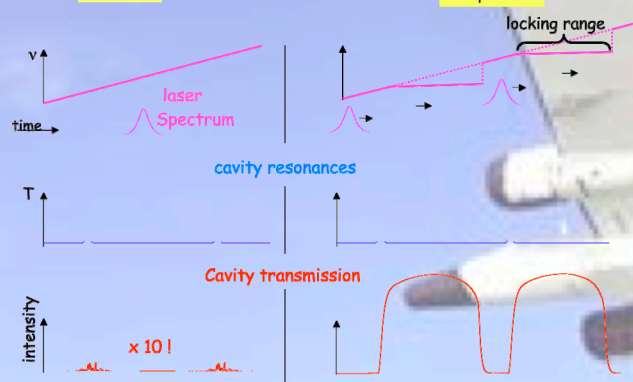
OF-CEAS (Grenoble patent):

Drastically increased light injection into high-finesse ($F \sim 10^4$) optical cavity by phase-controlled optical feedback, resulting in linewidth narrowing and self-locking of the laser frequency to the narrow cavity mode.

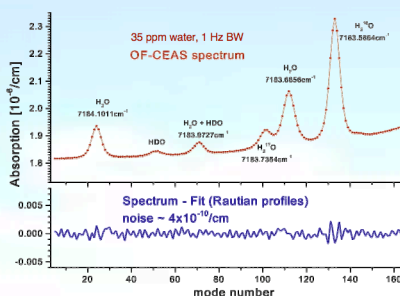
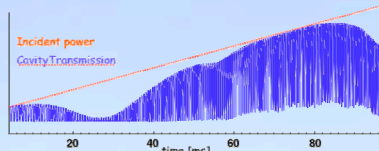


No O.F.

With O.F.
* in phase *

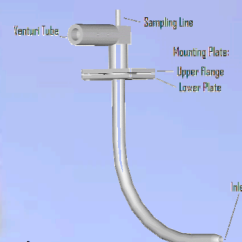


The absorption lines are superimposed on the cavity transmissions and appear enhanced as if observed as the output of a multiple-pass cell with an effective length given by $\sim F \cdot L$, of the order of 10 km. The spectrum is recorded cavity mode-by-cavity mode, separated by the cavity FSR (~150 MHz), such that noise on the frequency scale is completely negligible.



Second generation device:

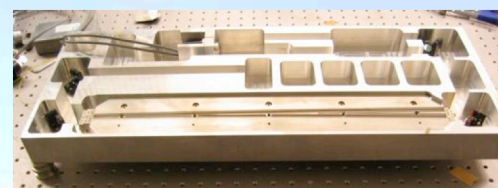
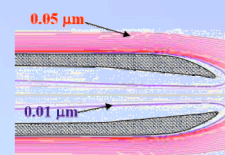
Shot noise limited detectors, better laser (power, tuning), reduced sensitivity to acoustic noise, autonomous operation with PC104 computer, higher flow rate (cell refreshed $\sim 10 \text{ s}^{-1}$), vapor phase only inlet



Vapor phase inlet:

Designed for particle-cut-off at 10 nm and no wall contact.

- shaped backward facing inlet
- sub-sampling near instrument



Technical specifications:

Optical head $\sim 70 \times 35 \times 18 \text{ cm}^3$, PC $\sim 13 \times 16 \times 21 \text{ cm}^3$.
Total weight (include. Pump and inlet) $\sim 45 \text{ kg}$.
Power consumption 175 W typical, 280 W max.

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